

2015 Summary Report

for the

Town of Minto

CLIFFORD DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

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2015 Summary Report for the Town of Minto CLIFFORD DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

In December 2002, the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) was enacted. Subsequently, on June 1, 2003, under the SDWA, a new *'Drinking-Water Systems Regulation'*, Ontario Regulation 170/03 (O. Reg. 170/03), was enacted. In addition, several supporting regulations and procedures were also enacted to assist with the administration of O. Reg 170/03. The list of relevant drinking-water legislation is presented in Appendix A.

The SDWA identifies the responsibilities of owners and operating authorities of municipal drinking water systems (SDWA, Sections 11 and 19). Their duties include ensuring that:

- All water provided by the drinking-water system meets prescribed drinking-water quality standards;
- The drinking-water system is operated in accordance with the Act and regulations and is kept in a good state of repair;
- All facilities are appropriately staffed and supervised;
- All sampling, testing and monitoring requirements are complied with;
- All reporting requirements are complied with; and
- Only persons holding valid operator's certificates operate the drinking-water-system.

O. Reg. 170/03 establishes the standard for protection of drinking water. It includes sets of schedules, specific to municipal residential systems that define requirements for:

- Minimum treatment levels;
- Operational checks;
- Chemical and microbiological sampling and testing;
- Adverse results reporting;
- Corrective procedures; and
- Report documentation and retention.

The system's Municipal Drinking Water Licence (MDWL), Drinking Water Works Permit (DWWP) and Permit To Take Water (PTTW) imposes system specific rules and conditions applicable to the standards set out in O. Reg. 170/03.

1.2 Objective

This Summary Report for the Clifford Drinking Water System is being prepared in fulfillment of Schedule 22 of 0. Reg. 170/03, and will be given to Members of the Municipal Council. It covers the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015.

This Summary Report lists any requirements of the Act, the regulations, the PTTW., the MDWL, the DWWP and any order that the system failed to meet during the period of this report. For any such failure, the measures that were taken to correct the failure are detailed. The report also includes relevant information that will assist the Town of Minto to assess the water work's capability to meet existing and future planned uses of the system.

1.3 Description of Drinking Water System

Clifford is a community with a population of approximately 804 persons, located within the Town of Minto at the northwest corner of Wellington County, along the route of Provincial Hwy. No. 9.

Clifford is serviced by a municipal Drinking Water System that is comprised of: three drilled well supplies, two pumphouses, an elevated $1,275 \text{ m}^3$ storage tank and a distribution network of watermains. The watermains range in diameter from 100 mm to 250 mm. The municipal water system is also used for fire protection and has approximately 46 fire hydrants throughout the distribution system. In the event of a prolonged power outage, a portable generator can be moved to Wells #1, #3 & # 4 to supply back-up power.

Well #3 is a deep overburden well, and serves as the primary production well for the system. Wells #1 and #4 are bedrock wells and provide peak flows and redundancy to the system. Wells #3 and #4 are a *combined supply*, and are not allowed to operate together. All three operating wells are equipped with submersible pumps; the pump in Well #3 is a variable speed pump.

The pumphouse on Allan Street serves Well #1. The second pumphouse is in the base of the elevated storage tank on Nelson Street and serves Wells #3 and #4. The treatment employed in both pumphouses includes the use of sodium silicate for the sequestering of iron and sodium hypochlorite for disinfection of the raw water. A continuous online analyser measures the levels of free chlorine residual at point of entry (POE). When the alarm for chlorination system failure is activated, there is a corresponding lockout of well pumps. Subsequent to treatment, supply from Well #1 is discharged from the chlorine contact pipe into the distribution system, while supply from Wells #3 and #4 is discharged from the chlorine contact pipe.

The Clifford Drinking Water System operates under MDWL 106-101, DWWP 106-201, PTTW (*Well #1*) #1810-9ECR5M and PTTW (*Wells #3 and #4*) #5364-7ZWRQJ until May 26, PTTW #0600-9WHN7X (all wells) from May 27 to June 10 and PTTW #1704-9XBH9S (all wells) commencing June 11th.

2.0 SUMMARY OF UPGRADES

2.1 Upgrades Completed in 2015

The disinfection treatment system in the Clifford Drinking Water System meets all of the standards imposed by O. Reg. 170/03 and the MOE's "*Procedures for Disinfection of Drinking Water in Ontario*".

Typically, maintaining the system includes repairs and/or replacement of individual components as necessary. In 2015 \$11,825 was spent installing watermain on Ann Street and \$15,130 installing watermain on Brown Street.

The following purchases were also made on equipment that is shared between all of Minto's water systems. \$25,350.00 on a vacuum trailer to share with the roads and wastewater departments, \$55,600.00 on a new truck, \$4,880.00 on computer equipment, \$18,800.00 on the water meter installation program and \$26,150.00 on the Water and Wastewater rate study and Financial Plan.

Preventative maintenance measures are being followed to ensure proper operation of the Drinking Water System.

2.2 Upgrades Scheduled to be Completed in 2016

In 2016, the Town of Minto is planning to spend \$89,000.00 replacing watermain on Ann St. S. from Park to Nelson, replace watermain on Ann St. N. from Queen to Allan at an estimated cost of \$231,400.00, as well as \$10,000.00 on Water Tower maintenance. In 2016 the following will be purchased to be shared within the water department.

One vehicle replacement for approximately \$45,000.00, service truck replacement \$45,000.00, \$10,000.00 equipment, \$20,000.00 on water meters, upgrades to the SCADA system at an estimated cost of \$100,000.00, and \$10,000.00 on engineering for future projects.

3.0 OPERATION OF THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

3.1 Summary of the Quantities and Flow Rates of Water Supplied

O. Reg. 170/O3 stipulates that a summary of the quantities and flow rates of the water supplied from each of Clifford's wells be included in the Summary Report. Tables 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3 provide a summary of quantities and flow rates supplied during 2015, for Wells #1, #3 and #4 respectively, on a monthly basis. Well #1 supplies the Allan Street Wellhouse. Wells #3 and #4 supply the Nelson Street Wellhouse; they are a *combined* supply and are not allowed to operate together.

Table 3.1 Clifford Drinking Water System – Well #1 Treated Water Flow, Turbidity, and Disinfectant Residual January 1, 2015 – December 31, 2015

	Raw Water Flow (Max Daily Volume = 1,309 m³/day) (Max Flow Rate = 15.15 L/s			Monthly Averages				– Distribution System		
			Chlorine	Treated Water Turbidity		Treated Water Disinfectant		Disinfectant		
Month	Instantaneous Peak flows	Maximum Day Flow	Monthly Total	Monthly Total	No. of Samples Collected	Daily Average Turbidity	No. of Treated Samples Reviewed	Average Residual	No. of Dis. Samples Collected	No. of Samples with Detectable Residual
	(L/s)	(m ³ /day)	(m ³)	(L)				(mg/L)		
January	13.4	166	3,443	66	7	0.36	31	1.12	-	
February	13.4	182	3,508	66	10	0.29	28	1.22		
March	13.4	173	3,341	89	8	0.30	31	1.10		
April	13.4	278	3,192	61	6	0.33	30	1.20		
May	13.4	144	2,622	65	11	0.36	31	1.29		Saa
June	13.4	159	2,560	65	10	0.28	30	1.23	Cliffo	See rd Well #3
July	13.3	174	3,204	87	7	0.46	31	1.20		Data
August	12.8	134	2,949	87	9	0.27	31	1.10		Data
September	13.3	127	2,537	65	6	0.28	29	1.23		
October	13.3	161	3,259	88	5	0.46	31	1.25	1	
November	13.3	125	2,890	44	7	0.34	30	1.39	1	
December	13.3	156	3,035	109	2	0.44	31	1.28		
Total			36,540	892	88		364			
Average			3,045			0.35		1.22		
Maximum	13.4	278								

Disinfectant Compound Used: **12% Sodium Hypochlorite** Form of Residual Displayed: **Free** Quantity of Disinfectant Used During 2015: **892 L** Distribution System Minimum Target Residual: **0.2 mg/L**

Table 3.2 Clifford Drinking Water System – Well #3 Treated Water Flow, Turbidity, and Disinfectant Residual January 1, 2015 – December 31, 2015

		Raw Water Flow (Max Flow Rate = 7.6 L/s)			Monthly Averages				- Distribution System Disinfectant	
	(Max Daily Volume = 1,309 m ³ /d) This is the allowable combined limits for Well # 3 & Well # 4		Chlorine	Treated Water Turbidity		Treated Water Disinfectant				
Month	Instantaneous Peak Flow (L/s)	Maximum Day Flow (m ³ /day)	Monthly Total (m ³)	Monthly Total (L)	No. of Samples Collected	Daily Average Turbidity	No. of Treated Samples Reviewed	Average Residual (mg/L)	No. of Dis. Samples Collected	No. of Samples with Detectable Residual
January	4.5	170	3,196	63	6	0.24	31	1.25	48	48
February	4.5	230	3,659	62	10	0.36	28	1.23	44	44
March	4.5	232	4,623	113	8	0.23	31	1.12	49	49
April	4.5	185	3,349	22	4	0.27	30	1.11	45	45
May	4.5	184	2,510	88	12	0.30	31	1.17	47	47
June	4.5	186	2,866	75	9	0.26	30	1.21	49	49
July	4.5	163	2,340	30	9	0.42	31	1.19	48	48
August	4.5	132	2,274	46	8	0.34	31	1.21	46	46
September	4.5	128	2,190	74	7	0.34	30	1.18	46	46
October	4.5	187	2,553	66	5	0.30	31	1.22	49	49
November	4.5	134	2,072	69	8	0.26	30	1.31	47	47
December	4.5	124	2,120	37	3	0.28	31	1.33	49	49
Total			33,752	745	89		365		567	567
Average			2,813			0.30		1.21		
Maximum	4.5	232								

Disinfectant Compound Used: 12% Sodium Hypochlorite

Form of Residual Displayed: Free

Quantity of Disinfectant Used During 2015 for Wells #3 and #4 combined: **745** L *(Wells #3 and #4 share the same Cl₂ storage container) Distribution System Minimum Target Residual: **0.2 mg/L**

Table 3.3 Clifford Drinking Water System – Well #4 Treated Water Flow, Turbidity, and Disinfectant Residual January 1, 2015 – December 31, 2015

	Raw Water Flow (Max Flow Rate = 15.15 L/s) (Max Daily Volume = 1,309 m ³ /d) This is the allowable combined limits for Well # 3 & Well # 4					Monthly A	- Distribution System Disinfectant			
				Chlorine	Treated Water Turbidity				Treated Water Disinfectant	
Month	Instantaneous Peak flow (L/s)	Maximum Day Flow (m ³ /day)	Monthly Total (m ³)	Monthly Total (L)	No. of Samples Collected	Daily Average Turbidity	No. of Treated Samples Reviewed	Average Residual (mg/L)	No. of Dis. Samples Collected	No. of Samples with Detectable Residual
January	11.1	66	1,208	(-/	7	0.47	31	1.33		
February	11.1	92	1,100	-	11	0.56	28	1.38	-	
March	11.2	106	1,281	-	8	0.23	31	1.36		
April	11.2	85	1,158	-	4	0.21	30	1.12	-	
May	11.1	56	1,161	See	10	0.34	30	1.07		
June	10.8	49	1,069	Clifford Well	10	0.41	29	1.25	-	ee
July	10.8	69	1,181	#3	8	0.42	31	1.24		Well #3 ata
August	10.8	52	1,016	Data	7	0.47	31	1.39		ala
September	10.8	65	1,244		6	0.35	30	1.30		
October	10.9	50	1,058		5	0.45	30	1.23		
November	10.8	55	1,110] [7	0.37	30	1.34	1	
December	10.7	43	1,083		3	0.33	31	1.24		
Total			13,669	745	86		362			
Average			1,139			0.38		1.27		
Maximum	11.2	106	1,100			0.00		1.21		

Disinfectant Compound Used: 12% Sodium Hypochlorite

Form of Residual Displayed: Free

Quantity of Disinfectant Used During 2015 for Wells #3 and #4 combined: **745** L *(Wells #3 and #4 share the same Cl₂ storage container) Distribution System Minimum Target Residual: **0.2 mg/L**

Table 3.4						
Clifford Drinking Water System – Well #3 & #4 Combined						
Treated Water Flow						
January 1, 2015 – December 31, 2015						

Month	(Chlorine			
Montan	Instantaneous Peak flow	Instantaneous Peak flow	Maximum Day Flow	Monthly Total	Monthly Total
	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³/day)	(m³)	(I)
January	4.5	11.1	170	4,404	63
February	4.5	11.1	230	4,759	62
March	4.5	11.2	232	5,904	113
April	4.5	11.2	185	4,507	22
May	4.5	11.1	184	3,671	88
June	4.5	10.8	186	3,935	75
July	4.5	10.8	163	3,521	30
August	4.5	10.8	132	3,290	46
September	4.5	10.8	128	3,434	74
October	4.5	10.9	187	3,611	66
November	4.5	10.8	134	3,182	69
December	4.5	10.7	124	3,203	37
Total				47,421	745
Average				3,952	
Maximum	4.5	11.2	232		

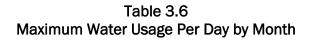
3.2 Comparison of Actual Rates and Maximum Allowable Rates

O. Reg. 170/03 stipulates that a summary of the quantities and flow rates of the water supplied from each of Clifford's wells be included in the Summary Report and compared against the rated capacity and flow rate for the system. As such, a comparison of the instantaneous peak flow to the PTTW's rated capacity is included and a comparison of the maximum daily flow to the MDWL's rated capacity is included in Table 3.5.

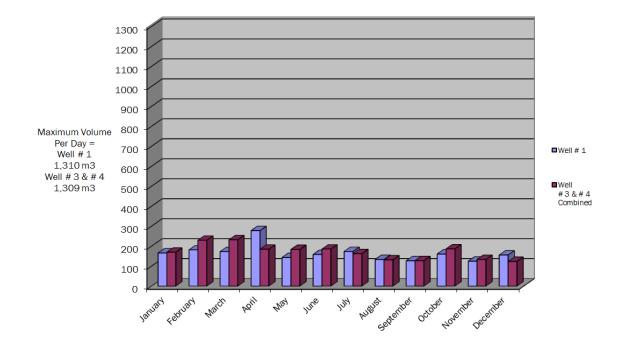
Table 3.5 Comparison of Flow Rates and Flow Capacities To Rated Flow Rate (PTTW) and Rated Capacity (MDWL)

Well Supply	PTTW Max. Flow Rate	Maximum Instantaneous Peak Flow	Percent of Maximum Allowable	MDWL Schedule Maximum Daily Quantity	Maximum Daily Flow	Percent of Maximum Allowable
	L/s	L/s	%	m³/day	m³/day	%
Well #1	15.1	13.4	89	1,310	278	21
Well #3	7.6	4.5	59	655	232	35
Well #4	15.1	11.2	74	1,309	106	50

The MDWL stipulates, "The maximum daily volume of treated water that flows from the treatment subsystem to the distribution system shall not exceed the value identified as the rated capacity in Schedule C Table 1."



Maximum Usage Per Month



The time and duration of any flow exceedance is recorded for each event along with the reason for the occurrence. There were **no exceedances** of the allowable flow rates in the Clifford Drinking Water System.

3.3 Raw Water Qualities and Required Treatment

The Clifford Drinking Water System has no naturally occurring chemical parameters that exceed MAC or IMAC limits.

The Allan Street Wellhouse (*Well #1*) and the Nelson Street Wellhouse (*Wells #3 and #4*) are equipped with continuous monitoring analyzers for measuring free chlorine residuals. The chlorine analyzer is equipped with an alarm to a monitoring centre who will call the on-call water operator to notify of a critical alarm. The average monthly turbidity and free chlorine residual measurements for <u>treated</u> water are presented in Tables 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3.

There were no high turbidity readings (>1.0 NTU) experienced in 2015. The minimum, maximum, and average turbidity readings for <u>raw</u> water from each well are presented in Table 3.7.

Sodium Hypochlorite is the disinfectant used for Wells #1, #3 and #4. Free chlorine residual is monitored continuously at the "*Point of Entry*" (POE) into the distribution system. Additional "grab samples" are taken daily (excluding weekends and holidays) within the distribution system and tested for the free chlorine residual. The minimum, maximum and average values of free chlorine residual at the POE are presented Table 3.7. Also included in Table 3.7 is the range of free chlorine residual within the distribution system.

The free chlorine residual in the distribution system ranged between 0.45 mg/L and 1.45 mg/L. O. Reg. 170/03, Schedule 1-2 stipulates that the free chlorine residual can never be less than 0.05 mg/L. In addition, O. Reg. 170-03, Schedule 1-4 stipulates that the water treatment equipment must be " ...capable of achieving, at all locations within the distribution system, a free chlorine residual of 0.2 mg/L ...". The Clifford Drinking Water System meets both of these requirements.

Table 3.7
2015 Annual Summary of
Raw Water Turbidity and Free Chlorine Residual
for Clifford Drinking Water System

Location	Range	<u>Raw</u> Water Turbidity	Free Chlorine Residual at POE
		NTU	mg/L
	Minimum	0.09	0.85
Well #1	Maximum	0.67	1.55
	Average	0.31	1.22
	Minimum	0.08	0.88
Well #3	Maximum	0.68	1.89
	Average	0.27	1.21
	Minimum	0.10	0.79
Well #4	Maximum	0.72	2.19
	Average	0.40	1.27

3.4 Summary of Treatment Chemicals Used

The disinfectant chemical used in the Clifford Drinking Water System is 12% sodium hypochlorite (CL₂). Measurements of free residual are recorded on a continuous basis. Wells #3 and #4 share the same CL₂ storage container; 745 L of CL₂ is the combined usage for Wells #3 and #4. In 2015, a total of 1,637 L of CL₂ was used for all three wells. The annual average dosage rates for Well #1, and Wells #3 and #4 are presented in Table 3.8.

In 2015, 1,278 L of sodium silicate was used for the sequestering of iron. The annual average dosage rates for Well #1, Well #3 and Well #4 are presented in Table 3.8.

Table 3.8 Clifford Drinking Water System 2015 Annual Summary of Treatment Chemicals Used

Treatment Chemical	Well	Volume Used	Mass Used	Annual Flow	Dosage Rate
		L	kg	m³	mg/L
12 % Sodium	Well #1	892	107.0	36,540	2.93
Hypochlorite	Well #3 & Well #4	745	89.4	47,421	1.89
(NaOCI)	Total	1,637	196.4	83,961	2.34
	Well #1	479	665.8	36,540	18.22
Sodium Silicate (NaSi)	Well # 3 & Well #4	799	1110.6	47,421	23.42
(1.007)	Total	1,278	1,776	83,961	21

Note: • Wells #3 and #4 share the same NaOCI storage container; 745 L is the combined NaOCI usage for both wells.

- Wells #3 and #4 share the same storage container for the sequestering agent, sodium silicate (NaSi); 799 L is the combined NaSi usage for both wells
- 12% Sodium Hypochlorite = 120,000 mg/L = 120 kg/m³
- Sodium Silicate has a specific gravity = 1.39

4.0 COMPLIANCE

4.1 Assessment of Compliance

The objective of the Summary Report is to list any requirements of the Act, the regulations, the PTTW, the MDWL, the DWWP and any MOE order that the system failed to meet from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015, and the corresponding corrective measure(s) taken. Compliance was assessed as follows:

- There were **no MOE Orders** issued to the Clifford Drinking Water System in 2015.
- The MDWL imposes the specific rules and conditions governing the standards set out in O. Reg. 170/03. It is an important instrument in defining the requirements of compliance of a Drinking Water System.
- 0. Reg. 170/03 establishes the standard for protection of drinking water; specifically, through 12 schedules that municipal residential drinking systems must follow to meet the requirements of the regulation.
- The SDWA clearly identifies the responsibilities of owners and operating authorities of municipal drinking water systems. It places a recommended statutory standard of

care on those who have oversight of municipal drinking-water systems. In essence, the standard of care has two themes: be informed and exercise diligent oversight.

4.2 Summary of Compliance

To the best of our knowledge and ability we are in, or diligently working towards, compliance, with all of the requirements of the SDWA, O. Reg. 170/03, as well as the Clifford Water Work's MDLW 106-101, DWWP 106-201, PTTW (*Well* #1) #1810-9ECR5M and PTTW (*Wells* #3 and #4) #5364-7ZWRQJ until May 26, PTTW #0600-9WHN7X (all wells) from May 27 to June 10 and PTTW #1704-9XBH9S (all wells) commencing June 11th. Every attempt has been made to ensure this document is an accurate representation of how the Drinking Water System is operated

To the best of our knowledge, Table 4.1 identifies all of the requirements of the SDWA, the regulations, the MDWL, the DWWP. and the PTTW.

Compliance With	Description of Item the System Failed to Meet	Correction of This Situation How/When		
MDWL # 106-101	Clifford Drinking Water System is in compliance with all of the requirements of the MDWL			
DWWP # 106-201	Clifford Drinking Water System is in compliance with all of the requirements of the DWWP			
0. Reg. 170/03	Clifford Drinking Water System is in compliance with all of the requirements of O. Reg. 170/03			
SDWA	SDWA Clifford Drinking Water System is in compliance with all of the requirements of the SDWA.			

Table 4.1 Clifford Drinking Water System Requirements the System Failed to Meet

Dated this 3rd day of March 2016.

Brian Hansen Public Works Director